1	2	3	4	5	6
3.	Bihar	17	8	77	31.07.93
4.	Bombay City	—	1	1328	31.08.93
5.	Calcutta City	10	175	235	31.08.93
6.	Delhi	—	—	385	30.09.93
7.	Gujarat State	133	470	10	31.08.93
8.	Haryana	102	1	1	31.08.93
9.	Karnataka State	1	5	97	30.09.93
10.	Kerala	64	290	86	31.08.93
11.	Madhya Pradesh	425	648	262	31.07.93
12.	Maharashtra	108	941	66	30.09.93
13.	Orissa	3	30	8	31.09.93
14.	Punjab	77	19	8	30.09.93
15.	Rajasthan	291	2230	90	31.07.93
16.	Tamil Nadu	8	68	20	31.08.93
17.	Uttar Pradesh	202	387	476	31.08.93
18.	Jammu & Kashmir	80	12	—	30.09.93
19.	West Bengal	39	98	68	31.12.92
	TOTAL	1597	5805	3303	

Total overstaying including untraccd Pak. nationals = 10705

The information in respect of the remaining State/U.Ts. may please be treated as NIL.

Pak Efforts to Raise Kashmir Issue

247. SHRI G.Y. KRISHNAN:

SHRI GHUFRAN AZAM: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Prime Minister of Pakistan has recently stated that the case of Kashmiris in Jammu and Kashmir would, be taken up at the Human Rights Commission in Geneva;

(b) if so, the reaction of the Indian Government in this regard;

(c) whether Government propose to counter the views of the Pakistan's Prime Minister; and

(d) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI R.L. BHATIA): (a) to (d) The Prime Minister of Pakistan in a speech at 50th session of UNCHR at Geneva on 1st February, 1994 alleged that India is violating human rights of the people of Jammu and Kashmir. The Indian delegate in our right of reply stated that the violation of human rights of the people of Jammu and Kashmir are a result of Pakistan's support to terrorism in J&K. The Indian delegation has also pointed out that Pakistan has a poor record of protecting human rights at home, and discriminates against minorities in Pakistan. Pakistan has also informally circulated a draft resolution on alleged violation of human rights of people of J&K. We have made it clear that any resolution of this kind is not acceptable to us.

Misuse of Nepalese Border by Jammu and Kashmir Militants

248. SHRI VISHNU KANT SHASTRI: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether his attention has been drawn to the UN Human Committee's report about Jammu and Kashmir militants misusing Nepalese border for infiltration and maintaining contacts with ISI mentors in Pakistan embassy in Kathmandu;

(b) if so, what is Governments reaction thereto;

(c) whether Government have lodged any complaints with Pakistan at the time of Foreign Secretary level talks held at Islamabad recently;

(d) whether the Indian Government

has taken up the matter with the Nepalese Government in this regard; and

(e) if so, what are the details thereof and if not, what are the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI SALMAN KHURSHEED): (a) Government are aware of the February, 1993 report titled "the New Islamist International" by the Task Force on Terrorism and Unconventional Warfare set up by the US House of Representatives Republican Research Committee. The Section on Pakistan. Afghanistan and the Export of Terrorism noted. *Inter alia,* that terrorists trained by the ISI developed a professional infiltration route for their operatives *via* Nepal and used that nation as a site for meetings and consultation with Pakistani and Arab terrorism and subversion experts.

(b) Government obtained details relating to this report, Government constantly monitor developments relating to India's security. Government are continuously appraising other countries of the unabated support in terms of arms, equipment and training by Pakistan to terrorists in India. Government have highlighted the situation of "proxy war" being waged by Pakistan in J&K. Government ramain committed to take all necessary steps to safeguard India's territorial unity and integrity.

(c) Government have repeatedly raised the issue of the support Pakistan is extending to subversion and terrorism directed against India with Pakistan at the political and diplomatic levels including at the Seventh Round of the Foreign Secretary level talks in Islamabad on January 1-3, 1994. It has been indicating to Pakistan that this support is totally unacceptable, it is not conducive either to good neighbourly relations or to peace and stability in the region.

(d) and (e) Nepal is not a party to transit or use of Nepalese territory by terrorists. The Government of Nepal has adopted a cooperative and helpful attitude in our discussion with them on this subject.

Tamil Refugees Dumped in Baltic Sea

249. SHRI S. MADHVAN: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Governments attention has been drawn to a news item published in the daily Hindu dated 5th February, 1994 about Tamil refugees dumped in rubber boats in the Baltic sea off the coast of Denmark;

(b) whether these refugees travelled from India; and

(c) what steps are being taken to repatriate them to India?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI R.L. BHATIA): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) No, Sir.

(c) It has been ascertained that these persons are not Indian nationals. The question of their repatriation to India *does not therefore arise.

विदेशों में भारत के हितों की वकालत करने वाली एक विदेशी फर्म की नियुक्ति

250. **डा० जिनेन्द्र कुमार जैन:**
श्री राम जेठमलानी:

क्या विदेश मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या यह सच है कि सरकार ने अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय क्षेत्र में देश के हितों के संरक्षण और संवर्धन की वकालत करने के लिए हाल ही में एक विदेशी फर्म को नियुक्त किया है;

(ख) यदि हां, तो उसका ब्यौरा क्या है और वह कहां स्थित है और सरकार को वार्षिक रूप से इस फर्म को कितनी धनराशि का भुगतान करना होगा;

(ग) क्या यह फर्म अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय स्तर पर कूटनीतिक क्षेत्र में किसी देश के हितों के संरक्षण करने का कोई पूर्व अनुभव रखती है; और

(घ) यदि हां, तो उसका ब्यौरा क्या है और क्या